SWINFEN AND PACKINGTON PARISH COUNCIL

Ms Jayne Minor 6 Highfield Close Burntwood WS7 9AR

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Web Site: 270. 77 Chiffshire the diffraction days to

Our Ref: IM 27 June 2018

To: All Members of the Parish Council

Dear Councillor

You are hereby summoned to attend the Meeting of the Parish Council to be held in the Conference Room 1, Conference Centre, HMP Swinfen on Wednesday 04 July 2018 commencing 7.00 p.m. at which the business set out below will be transacted.

Yours sincerely

Jayne Minor (Ms)
Parish Clerk

AGENDA

PUBLIC FORUM

A maximum of 15 minutes will be allocated prior to the commencement of the meeting when members of the public may put questions/comments on any matter in relation to which the Parish Council has powers or duties which affect the area (see notes at the end of the Agenda).

1. APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

2. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST AND DISPENSATION

To receive declarations of any personal or prejudicial interest under consideration on the Agenda in accordance with the Parish Town Councils (Model Code of Conduct) Order 2007.

3. MINUTES

To approve as a correct record the Minutes of the Meeting of the Parish Council held on 16 May 2018 (Minute Nos. 1-15) (ENCLOSURE).

4. CHAIRMAN'S ANNOUNCEMENTS

5. THE HIGH SPEED RAIL PLANS

Members are requested to debate the up to date position relating to the High Speed Rail Plans.

GENERAL DATA PROTECTION REGULATIONS (GDPR)

To review and approve the following General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR) policies and documents (ENCLOSURE):

- Document Retention and Disposal Policy
- Data Security Breach Reporting Form
- List of Documents for Retention or Disposal Appendix A
- · Email Contact Privacy Notice
- Social Media and Electronic Communication Policy
- Councillor Privacy Notice
- Information and Data Protection Policy
- Privacy Impact Assessment Form
- Subject Access Request Form
- The Management of Transferable Data Policy

7. BUS SHELTER

Members are requested to consider the quotation received from Shelutions (ENCLOSURE).

8. EXCLUSION OF THE PRESS AND PUBLIC

The Chairman will move:

That under the Public Bodies (Admissions to Meetings) Act 1960 (Section 2) (and as expended by Section 100 of the Local Government Act 1972), the press and public be excluded from the meeting for the following items of business on the grounds that they involve the likely disclosure of exempt information.

9. PARISH CLERK'S SALARY

Members are requested to approve the payment of the Parish Clerk's June and July 2018 salary (PINK ENCLOSURE).

10. DATE AND TIME FOR NEXT PARISH COUNCIL MEETING

The next Parish Council meetings will be held on Wednesday 05 September 2018 and 07 November 2018.

PUBLIC FORUM SESSION AT PARISH COUNCIL MEETINGS

Residents of Swinfen and Packington Parish Council have an opportunity to speak at each Parish Council meeting:

The Public Forum session will usually be the first item on the Agenda.

- 2. The Public Forum will last up to 15 minutes and members of the public can ask the Parish Council a question (or make a statement).
- 3. Your statement or question must relate to a matter of special relevance to Swinfen and Packington or within the responsibility of the Parish Council.
- 4. Matters relating to the conduct of any individual councillor or officer will not be permitted in such circumstances you should write to the Parish Council.
- 5. You will be allowed to speak for up to 3 minutes and you can raise more than one issue within the overall limit of 3 minutes allowed to you.
- 6. After each speaker the Chairman of the Parish Council (or his/her representative) will answer the question or give notice that he/she will provide a written answer as soon as possible.

If a written answer is to be given this will be sent to you at your stated address.

MINUTES OF THE SWINFEN AND PACKINGTON PARISH COUNCIL ANNUAL MEETING HELD AT THE CONFERENCE ROOM 1, CONFERENCE CENTRE, HMP SWINFEN ON WEDNESDAY 16 MAY 2018 COMMENCING AT 7.03 PM

PRESENT

Councillor R Barnes in the Chair Councillor Armstrong, J Barnes and Dyott

In attendance:

Ms J Minor, Parish Clerk

1. ELECTION OF CHAIRMAN OF THE PARISH COUNCIL FOR THE ENSUING YEAR FOLLOWED BY DECLARATION OF ACCEPTANCE OF OFFICE

RESOLVED That Councillor Richard Barnes be elected Chairman of the Parish Council for the ensuing year.

2. APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

Councillor Elliott.

3. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

None declared.

4. MINUTES

RESOLVED That the Minutes of the Meeting of the Parish Council held on 14 March 2018 (Minute Nos. 61-70) as circulated, be approved as a correct record and signed by the Chairman.

5. CHAIRMAN'S ANNOUNCEMENTS

Bus Shelter

Councillor R Barnes made reference to a bus shelter [from Tamworth to Lichfield on the A51] which had been previously discussed on 17 January 2018.

RESOLVED That a site meeting to ascertain the exact location be arranged between Councillor R Barnes and the Parish Clerk.

Packington Hall

Councillor R Barnes informed Members that he had visited the site with District Councillor Brian Yeates. Even though the site was Grade II Listed, the site looked like a bomb site. Members were informed that there were no services on the site [no water, no electricity etc].

RESOLVED That Councillor R Barnes would pursue the matter further with District Councillor Yeates.

Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL)

The Parish Clerk informed Members that £1,037.77 had been received from Lichfield District Council in respect of planning application 16/00039/COU - Barn at Packington Lane. Members were informed that the monies could go towards paying for a replacement bus shelter [from Tamworth to Lichfield on the A51].

[Councillor Armstrong declared an interest in planning application 16/00039/COU – Barn at Packington Lane].

VAT Refund

The Parish Clerk informed Members that £108.16 had been reclaimed for goods and services bought by Swinfen and Packington Parish Council [laptop and printer].

General Data Protection Regulations/Data Protection Bill 2017

The Parish Clerk made reference to the draft Data Protection Bill previously discussed on 17 January 2018. The Parish Clerk informed Members that she had received an email from Bal Nahal, Head of Legal, Property and Democratic Services, Lichfield District Council:

"I understand that an amendment to the draft Data Protection Bill has been tabled by the Government which will exempt Parish Councils from the need to have a Data Protection Officer [DPO]. As you are aware, it was previously stated that this would be a statutory requirement for all Parish Councils.

It will still be a matter of good practice to have a DPO but not a statutory requirement.

It is highly likely that the amendment will go through and thus the requirement for a DPO for Parishes will be removed but until the final Bill is passed and becomes an Act it is impossible to state this with certainty.

It is of course a matter for you if you wish to appoint a DPO or not but I wanted to bring this to your attention in order that you can review any decision your Parish Council may have taken with regard to the appointment of a DPO."

6. THE HIGH SPEED RAIL PLANS

Councillor J Barnes informed Members that the NFU were meeting next week at the Rugby Club.

RESOLVED That an item on the High Speed Rail Plans (HS2) continue to be included on the next agenda.

7. ANNUAL GOVERNANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY RETURNS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

a. Certificate of Exemption

RESOLVED That the Certificate of Exemption be approved and the Chairman and the Responsible Financial Officer be authorised to sign the document.

b. Section 1 - Annual Governance Statement 2017/18

RESOLVED That the Annual Government Statement 2017/18 be approved and that the Chairman and Responsible Financial Officer be authorised to sign the document.

c. Section 2 - Accounting Statements 2017/18

RESOLVED That the Accounting Statements 2017/18 be approved and that the Chairman and Responsible Financial Officer be authorised to sign the document.

8. RISK ASSESSMENT

RESOLVED That the 2017/2018 Risk Assessment in respect of the Parish Council's bus shelters and public notice boards be received and noted.

9. INTERNAL AUDITOR'S REPORT AND APPOINTMENT OF INTERNAL AUDITOR

RESOLVED That the internal auditor's report produced by Mr B Cooper be received and noted.

RESOLVED That Mr Brian Cooper appointed as Internal Auditor for the year 2018/2019.

10. SOCIETY OF LOCAL COUNCIL CLERKS

RESOLVED That the Parish Council renew membership of the Society of Local Council Clerks (cheque number 100457).

11. STAFFORDSHIRE PARISH COUNCILS' ASSOCIATION (SPCA)

RESOLVED That the Parish Council renew membership of the Staffordshire Parish Councils' Association (cheque number 100456).

12. PARISH COUNCIL'S INSURANCE

The Parish Clerk informed Members that she had reviewed the Parish Council's insurance. Members were informed that AON UK Limited had been the previous insurance company at a cost of £460.86 however BHIB Insurance Brokers [the policy is underwritten by Aviva Insurance Limited] had provided a quotation for £388.27 thus saving the Parish Council £72.59.

RESOLVED That the Parish Council's insurance be renewed (cheque number 100455).

13. EXCLUSION OF THE PRESS AND PUBLIC

RESOLVED That under the Public Bodies (Admissions to Meetings) Act 1960 (Section 2) (and as expended by Section 100 of the Local Government Act 1972), the

SWINFEN AND PACKINGTON PARISH COUNCIL

press and public be excluded from the meeting for the following items of business on the grounds that they involve the likely disclosure of exempt information.

14. PARISH CLERK'S SALARY

It was proposed by Councillor R Barnes, duly seconded and

- **RESOLVED** (1) That cheques be drawn in respect of the Parish Clerk's April 2018 (cheque number 100448) and May 2018 (cheque number 100449) salary, HMRC June 2018 (cheque number 100451), Staffordshire Pension Fund June 2018 (cheque number 100451), HMRC July 2018 (cheque number 100454) and Staffordshire Pension Fund July 2018 (cheque number 100453).
- (2) That in relation to 7.3 of the Parish Clerk's Contract of Employment an annual sum of £156 (£3 per week) (cheque number 100450) be paid to the Parish Clerk in reimbursement of use of space, lighting, heating and electricity.

15. DATE, VENUE AND TIME FOR NEXT PARISH COUNCIL MEETING

RESOLVED That Wednesday 04 July 2018, Wednesday 05 September 2018 and Wednesday 07 November 2018 in the Conference Room 1, Conference Centre, HMP Swinfen commencing 7.00 p.m. be confirmed as the next Parish Council meetings.

(The Meeting closed at 7.40 p.m.)

Signed	 ****************	******	
Dated			

DOCUMENT RETENTION AND DISPOSAL POLICY

1. Introduction

- 1.1 The Council accumulates a vast amount of information and data during the course of its everyday activities. This includes data generated internally in addition to information obtained from individuals and external organisations. This information is recorded in various different types of document.
- 1.2 Records created and maintained by the Council are an important asset and as such measures need to be undertaken to safeguard this information. Properly managed records provide authentic and reliable evidence of the Council's transactions and are necessary to ensure it can demonstrate accountability.
- 1.3 Documents may be retained in either 'hard' paper form or in electronic forms. For the purpose of this policy, 'document' and 'record' refers to both hard copy and electronic records.
- 1.4 It is imperative that documents are retained for an adequate period of time. If documents are destroyed prematurely the Council and individual officers concerned could face prosecution for not complying with legislation and it could cause operational difficulties, reputational damage and difficulty in defending any claim brought against the Council.
- 1.5 In contrast to the above the Council should not retain documents longer than is necessary. Timely disposal should be undertaken to ensure compliance with the General Data Protection Regulations so that personal information is not retained longer than necessary. This will also ensure the most efficient use of limited storage space.

2. Scope and Objectives of the Policy

- 2.1 The aim of this document is to provide a working framework to determine which documents are:
 - Retained and for how long; or
 - Disposed of and if so by what method
- 2.2 There are some records that do not need to be kept at all or that are routinely destroyed in the course of business. This usually applies to information that is duplicated, unimportant or only of a short-term value. Unimportant records of information include:
 - 'With compliments' slips
 - Catalogues and trade journals
 - Non-acceptance of invitations
 - Trivial electronic mail messages that are not related to Council business
 - Requests for information such as maps, plans or advertising material
 - Out of date distribution lists
- 2.3 Duplicated and superseded material such as stationery, manuals, drafts, forms, address books and reference copies of annual reports may be destroyed.
- 2.4 Records should not be destroyed if the information can be used as evidence to prove that something has happened. If destroyed the disposal needs to be disposed of under the General Data Protection Regulations.

3. Roles and Responsibilities for Document Retention and Disposal

- 3.1 Councils are responsible for determining whether to retain or dispose of documents and should undertake a review of documentation at least on an annual basis to ensure that any unnecessary documentation being held is disposed of under the General Data Protection Regulations.
- 3.2 Councils should ensure that all employees are aware of the retention/disposal schedule.

4. Document Retention Protocol

- 4.1 Councils should have in place an adequate system for documenting the activities of their service. This system should take into account the legislative and regulatory environments to which they work.
- 4.2 Records of each activity should be complete and accurate enough to allow employees and their successors to undertake appropriate actions in the context of their responsibilities to:
 - Facilitate an audit or examination of the business by anyone so authorised.
 - Protect the legal and other rights of the Council, its clients and any other persons affected by its actions.
 - Verify individual consent to record, manage and record disposal of their personal data.
 - Provide authenticity of the records so that the evidence derived from them is shown to be credible and authoritative.
- 4.3 To facilitate this the following principles should be adopted:
 - Records created and maintained should be arranged in a record-keeping system that will enable quick and easy retrieval of information under the General Data Protection Regulations
 - Documents that are no longer required for operational purposes but need retaining should be placed at the records office.
- 4.4 The retention schedules in Appendix A: List of Documents for Retention or Disposal provide guidance on the recommended minimum retention periods for specific classes of documents and records. These schedules have been compiled from recommended best practice from the Public Records Office, the Records Management Society of Great Britain and in accordance with relevant legislation.
- 4.5 Whenever there is a possibility of litigation, the records and information that are likely to be affected should not be amended or disposed of until the threat of litigation has been removed.

5. Document Disposal Protocol

- 5.1 Documents should only be disposed of if reviewed in accordance with the following:
 - Is retention required to fulfil statutory or other regulatory requirements?
 - Is retention required to meet the operational needs of the service?
 - Is retention required to evidence events in the case of dispute?
 - Is retention required because the document or record is of historic interest or intrinsic value?

- 5.2 When documents are scheduled for disposal the method of disposal should be appropriate to the nature and sensitivity of the documents concerned. A record of the disposal will be kept to comply with the General Data Protection Regulations.
- 5.3 Documents can be disposed of by any of the following methods:
 - Non-confidential records: place in waste paper bin for disposal
 - Confidential records or records giving personal information: shred documents
 - Deletion of computer records
 - Transmission of records to an external body such as the County Records Office
- 5.4 The following principles should be followed when disposing of records:
 - All records containing personal or confidential information should be destroyed at the end
 of the retention period. Failure to do so could lead to the Council being prosecuted under
 the General Data Protection Regulations.
 - the Freedom of Information Act or cause reputational damage.
 - Where computer records are deleted steps should be taken to ensure that data is 'virtually impossible to retrieve' as advised by the Information Commissioner.
 - Where documents are of historical interest it may be appropriate that they are transmitted to the County Records office.
 - Back-up copies of documents should also be destroyed (including electronic or photographed documents unless specific provisions exist for their disposal).
- 5.5 Records should be maintained of appropriate disposals. These records should contain the following information:
 - The name of the document destroyed
 - The date the document was destroyed
 - The method ofdisposal

6. Data Protection Act 1998 - Obligation to Dispose of Certain Data

6.1 The Data Protection Act 1998 ('Fifth Principle') requires that personal information must not be retained longer than is necessary for the purpose for which it was originally obtained. Section 1 of the Data Protection Act defines personal information as:

Data that relates to a living individual who can be identified:

- a) from the data, or
- b) from those data and other information which is in the possession of, or is likely to come into the possession of, the data controller.

It includes any expression of opinion about the individual and any indication of the intentions of the Council or other person in respect of the individual.

- 6.2 The Data Protection Act provides an exemption for information about identifiable living individuals that is held for research, statistical or historical purposes to be held indefinitely provided that the specific requirements are met.
- 6.3 Councils are responsible for ensuring that they comply with the principles of the under the General Data Protection Regulations namely:

- Personal data is processed fairly and lawfully and, in particular, shall not be processed unless specific conditions are met.
- Personal data shall only be obtained for specific purposes and processed in a compatible manner.
- Personal data shall be adequate, relevant, but not excessive.
- Personal data shall be accurate and up to date.
- Personal data shall not be kept for longer than is necessary.
- Personal data shall be processed in accordance with the rights of the data subject.
- Personal data shall be kept secure.
- 6.4 External storage providers or archivists that are holding Council documents must also comply with the above principles of the General Data Protection Regulations.

7. Scanning of Documents

- 7.1 In general, once a document has been scanned on to a document image system the original becomes redundant. There is no specific legislation covering the format for which local government records are retained following electronic storage, except for those prescribed by HM Revenue and Customs.
- 7.2 As a general rule hard copies of scanned documents should be retained for three months after scanning.
- 7.3 Original documents required for VAT and tax purposes should be retained for six years unless a shorter period has been agreed with HM Revenue and Customs.

8. Review of Document Retention

- 8.1 It is planned to review, update and where appropriate amend this document on a regular basis (at least every three years in accordance with the *Code of Practice on the Management of Records* issued by the Lord Chancellor).
- 8.2 This document has been compiled from various sources of recommended best practice and with reference to the following documents and publications:
 - Local Council Administration, Charles Arnold-Baker, 910^h edition, Chapter 11
 - Local Government Act 1972, sections 225 229, section 234
 - SLCC Advice Note 316 Retaining Important Documents
 - SLCC Clerks' Manual: Storing Books and Documents
 - Lord Chancellor's Code of Practice on the Management of Records issued under Section 46 of the Freedom of Information Act 2000

9. List of Documents

9.1 The full list of the Council's documents and the procedures for retention or disposal can be found in Appendix A: List of Documents for Retention and Disposal. This is updated regularly in accordance with any changes to legal requirements.

Data Security Breach Reporting Form

A data security breach can happen for a number of reasons: Loss or theft of data or equipment on which data is Stored, Inappropriate access controls allowing unauthorised use, Equipment failure, Human error, Unforeseen circumstances such as a fire or flood, Hacking attack, 'Blagging' offences where information is obtained by deceiving the organisation who holds it. Use this form to report such breaches.

Example: Reportable theft or loss of an unencrypted laptop computer or other unencrypted portable electronic/digital media holding names, addresses, dates of birth and National Insurance Numbers of individuals. A manual paper-based filing system (or unencrypted digital media) holding the personal data relating to named individuals and their financial records etc. More information can be found using the below link:

https://ico.org.uk/media/fororganisations/documents/1562/guidance on data security breach management.pdf

Breach Containment and Recovery Article 2(2) of the Notification Regulation states:

The provider shall notify the personal data breach to the competent national authority no later than 24 hours after the detection of the personal data breach, where feasible. The provider shall include in its notification to the competent national authority the information set out in Annex I. The Privacy and Electronic Communications (EC Directive) Regulations 2003 (PECR) provide rules about sending marketing and advertising by electronic means, such as by telephone, fax, email, text and picture or video message, or by using an automated calling system. PECR also include other rules relating to cookies, telephone directories, traffic data, location data and security breaches. Detection of a personal data breach shall be deemed to have taken place when the provider has acquired sufficient awareness that a security incident has occurred that led to personal data being compromised, in order to make a meaningful notification as required under this Regulation.

Date and time of Notification of Breach	
NotificationofBreachtowhom	
Name	
Contact Details	
Details of Breach	

Nature and content of Data Involved	
Number of individuals affected:	
Name of person investigating breach	
Name Job Title Contact details Email Phone number Address	
Information Commissioner informed	
Time and method of contact	
https://report.ico.org.uk/security-breach/	
Police Informed if relevant	
Time and method of contact	
Name of person contacted	
Contact details	
Individuals contacted	
Howmany individuals contacted?	
Method of contact used to contact?	
Does the breach affect individuals in other EU member states?	
What are the potential consequences and adverse effects on those individuals?	
Confirm that details of the nature of the risk to the	

SWINFEN AND PACKINGTON PARISH COUNCIL DATA SECURITY BREACH REPORTING FORM

individuals affected: any measures they can take to	
safeguard against it; and the likely cost to them of taking those measures is relayed to the individuals	
involved.	
Staff briefed	
Assessment of ongoing risk	
Containment Actions: technical and organizational	
Containment Actions: technical and organisational security measures have you applied (or were to be	
applied) to the affected personal data	
Recovery Plan	
Evaluation and response	

Appendix A: List of Documents for Retention or Disposal

Document	Minimum Retention Period	Reason	Disposal
Minutes	Indefinite	Archive	Original signed paper copies of council minutes of meetings must be kept indefinitely in safe storage. At regular intervals of not more than ten years they must be archived and deposited with Staffordshire County Records.
Agendas	5 years	Management	Bin (shred confidential waste)
Accident/incident reports	20 years	Potential claims	Confidential waste. A list will be kept of those documents disposed of to meet the requirements of the GDPR.
Receipt and payment accounts Indefinite	Indefinite	Archive	N/A
Receipt books of all kinds	6 years	VAT	Bin
Bank statements including deposit/ savings accounts	Last completed audit year	Audit	Confidential waste
Bank paying-in books	Last completed audit year	Audit	Confidential waste
Cheque book stubs	Last completed audit year	Audit	Confidential waste
Quotations and tenders	6 years	Limitation Act 1980 (as amended)	Confidential waste. A list will be kept of those documents disposed of to meet the requirements of the GDPR.

Document	Minimum Retention Period	Reason	Disposal
Paid invoices	6 years	VAT	Confidential waste
VAT records	6 years generally but 20 years for VAT VAT on rents	VAT	Confidential waste
Wages books/payroll	12 years	Superannuation	Confidential waste
Insurance policies	While valid (but see next two items below)	Management	Bin
Insurance company names and policy numbers	Indefinite	Management	N/A
Certificates for insurance against liability for employees	40 years from date on which insurance commenced or was renewed	The Employers' Liability (Compulsory Insurance) Regulations 1998 (SI 2753) Management	Bin
Playground equipment inspection reports	21 years		
Investments	Indefinite	Audit, Management	N/A
Title deeds, leases, agreements, contracts	Indefinite	Audit, Management	N/A
Information from other bodies e.g. circulars from county associations, NALC, principal authorities	Retained for as long as it is useful and relevant		Bin

Document	Minimum Retention Period	Reason	Disposal
Local/historical information	Indefinite – to be securely kept for benefit of the Parish	Councils may acquire records of local interest and accept gifts or records of general and local interest in order to promote the use for such records (defined as materials in written or other form setting out facts or events or otherwise recording information).	N/A
Magazines and journals	Council may wish to keep its own publications. For others retain for as long as they are useful and relevant.	The Legal Deposit Libraries Act 2003 (the 2003 Act) requires a local council which after 1st February 2004 has published works in print (this includes a pamphlet, magazine or newspaper, a map, plan, chart or table) to deliver, at its own expense, a copy of them to the British Library Board (which manages and controls the British Library). Printed works as defined by the 2003 Act published by a local council therefore constitute materials which the British Library holds.	Bin if applicable
Record-keeping			
Toensure records are easily accessible it is necessary to comply with the following: A list of files stored in cabinets will be kept. Electronic files will be saved using relevant file names.	The electronic files will be backed up monthly on a portable hard drive.	Management	Documentation no longer required will be disposed of, ensuring any confidential documents are destroyed as confidential waste. A list will be kept of those documents disposed of to meet the requirements of the GDPR.

Document	Minimum Retention Period	Reason	Disposal
General correspondence and emails	Unless it relates to specific categories outlined in the policy, correspondence, both paper and electronic, should be kept.	Management	Bin (shred confidential waste). A list will be kept of those documents disposed of to meet the requirements of the GDPR.
	Records should be kept for as long as they are needed for reference or accountability purposes, to comply with regulatory requirements or to protect legal and other rights and interests.		
Correspondence relating to staff	If related to Audit, see relevant sections above. Should be kept securely and personal data in relation to staff should not be keptforlongerthan is necessary for the purpose it was held. Likely time limits for tribunal claims between 3–6 months Recommend this period be for 3 years.	After an employment relationship has ended, a council may need to retain and access staff records for former staff for the purpose of giving references, payment of tax, national insurance contributions and pensions, and in respect of any related legal claims made against the council.	Confidential waste. A list will be kept of those documents disposed of to meet the requirements of the GDPR.

Document	Minimum Retention Period	Reason	Disposal
Documents from legal matters, negligence and other	rs, negligence and other torts		
Most legal proceedings are gove	rned by the Limitation Act 1980 (as a	Most legal proceedings are governed by the Limitation Act 1980 (as amended). The 1980 Act provides that legal claims may not be commenced after a specified	ns may not be commenced after a specified
period. Where the limitation perion legal proceedings may fall with	ods are longer than other periods sperior in two or more categories. If in dout	period. Where the limitation periods are longer than other periods specified the documentation should be kept for the longer period specified. Some types of legal proceedings may fall within two or more categories. If in doubt, keep for the longest of the three limitation periods.	ie longer period specified. Some types of periods.
Negligence	6 years		Confidential waste. A list will be kept of
			those documents disposed of to meet the
			requirements of the GDPR.
Defamation	1 year		Confidential waste. A list will be kept of
			those documents disposed of to meet the
			requirements of the GDPR.
Contract	6 years		Confidential waste. A list will be kept of
			those documents disposed of to meet the
			requirements of the GDPR.
Leases	12 years		Confidential waste
Sums recoverable by statute	6 years		Confidential waste
Personal injury	3 years		Confidential waste
To recover land	12 years		Confidential waste
Rent	6 years		Confidential waste
Breach of trust	None		Confidential waste
Trust deeds	Indefinite		N/A

Minimum Retention Period	Reason	Disposal
	The second secon	
nt decision notices are available a	t Lidnfeld District Council. There is no requirement to	retain duplicates locally.
ons in connection with these ap	oplications are recorded in the Parish Count	cil's Minutes and are retained indefinitely.
Declarations of acceptance of Term of Office plus 1 year	Management	Bin
urrently held by East Staffordsh	ire Borough Council	
1 year	Management	Bin
10 01 12 13 13	t decision notices are available a ins in connection with these agrim of Office plus 1 year rrently held by East Staffordshear	nese ap

Council Name:

Swinfen and Packington Parish Council

Council Address:

c/o6Highfield Close, Burntwood, WS7 9AR

Email Address:

jayneminor@talktalk.net

Email Contact Privacy Notice

When you contact us

The information you provide (personal information such as name, address, email address, phone number, organisation) will be processed and stored to enable us to contact you and respond to your correspondence, provide information and/or access our facilities and services. Your personal information will be not shared or provided to any other third party.

The Council's Right to Process Information

General Data Protection Regulations Article 6 (1) (a) (b) and (e)

Processing is with consent of the data subject, or

Processing is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation, or

Processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller

Information Security

Swinfen and Packington Parish Council has a duty to ensure the security of personal data. We make sure that your information is protected from unauthorised access, loss, manipulation, falsification, destruction or unauthorised disclosure. This is done through appropriate technical measures and appropriate policies. Copies of these policies can be requested.

We will only keep your data for the purpose it was collected for and only for as long as is necessary. After which it will be deleted. (You many request the deletion of your data held by Swinfen and Packington Parish Council at anytime).

Children

We will not process any data relating to a child (under 13) without the express parental/guardian consent of the child concerned.

Access to Information

You have the right to request access to the information we have on you. You can do this by contacting the Parish Clerk.

Information Correction

If you believe that the information we have about you is incorrect, you may contact us so that we can update it and keep your data accurate. Please contact: the Parish Clerk to request this.

Information Deletion

If you wish Swinfen and Packington Parish Council to delete the information about you please contact: the Parish Clerk to request this.

Right to Object

If you believe that your data is not being processed for the purpose it has been collected for, you may object: Please contact the Parish Clerk.

Rights Related to Automated Decision Making and Profiling

Swinfen and Packington Parish Council does not use any form of automated decision making or the profiling of individual personal data.

Complaints

If you have a complaint regarding the way your personal data has been processed you may make a complaint to Swinfen and Packington Parish Council's Data Information Officer: (Jayne Minor, Parish Clerk Email: jayneminor@talktalk.net) and the Information Commissioners Office casework@ico.org.uk Tel: 0303 123 1113

Summary: In accordance with the law, Swinfen and Packington Parish Council only collect a limited amount of information about you that is necessary for correspondence, information and service provision. Swinfen and Packington Parish Council do not use profiling, we do not sell or pass your data to third parties. Swinfen and Packington Parish Council do not use your data for purposes other than those specified. Swinfen and Packington Parish Council make sure your data is stored securely. Swinfen and Packington Parish Council delete all information deemed to be no longer necessary. Swinfen and Packington Parish Council constantly review our Privacy Policies to keep it up to date in protecting your data. (You can request a copy of our policies at any time).

SWINFEN AND PACKINGTON PARISH COUNCIL SOCIAL MEDIA AND ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION POLICY

Council Name: Swinfen and Packington Parish Council Council Address: c/o6Highfield Close, Burntwood, WS7 9AR

Email Address: jayneminor@talktalk.net

Social Media and Electronic Communication Policy

The use of digital and social media and electronic communication enables the Parish Council to interact in a way that improves the communications both within the council and between the council and the people, businesses and agencies it works with and serves.

The council has a website and uses email to communicate. The council will always try to use the most effective channel for its communications. Over time the council may add to the channels of communication that it uses as it seeks to improve and expand the services it delivers. When changes occur this Policy will be updated to reflect the new arrangements.

Communications from the council will meet the following criteria:

- Be civil, tasteful and relevant;
- Not contain content that is knowingly unlawful, libellous, harassing, defamatory, abusive, threatening, harmful, obscene, profane, sexually oriented or racially offensive;
- Not contain content knowingly copied from elsewhere, for which we do not own the copyright;
- Not contain any personal information.
- If it is official council business it will be moderated by either the Chair/Vice Chair of the Council
 or the Clerk to the Council;
- Social media will not be used for the dissemination of any political advertising.

Parish Council Website

Where necessary, we may direct those contacting us to our website to see the required information or we may forward their question to one of our Councillors for consideration and response. We may not respond to every comment we receive particularly if we are experiencing a heavy workload.

Parish Council email

The Clerk to the Council has their own council email address (jayneminor@talktalk.net). The email account is monitored butplease note that the Clerk works part-time (currently 3hours per week).

The Clerk is responsible for dealing with email received and passing on any relevant mail to members or external agencies for information and/or action. All communications on behalf of the council will usually come from the Clerk, and/or otherwise will always be copied to the Clerk. All new emails requiring data to be passed on, will be followed up with a Data consent form for completion before action is taken with that correspondence.

Individual Councillors are at liberty to communicate directly with parishioners in relation to their own personal views, if appropriate, copy to the Clerk. **NB**: Any emails copied to the Clerk become official and will be subject to The Freedom of Information Act.

These procedures will ensure that a complete and proper record of all correspondence is kept.

SWINFEN AND PACKINGTON PARISH COUNCIL SOCIAL MEDIA AND FLECTRONIC COMMUNICATION POLICY

Do not forward personal information on to other people or groups outside of the council, this includes names, addresses, email, IP addresses and cookie identifiers.

SMS (texting)

Members and the Clerk may use SMS as a convenient way to communicate at times. All are reminded that this policy also applies to such messages.

Video Conferencing e.g. Skype

If this medium is used to communicate please note that this policy also applies to the use of video conferencing.

Internal communication and access to information within the council

The council is continually looking at ways to improve its working and the use of social media and electronic communications is a major factor in delivering improvement.

Councillors are expected to abide by the Code of Conduct and the Data Protection Act in all their work on behalf of the council

As more and more information becomes available at the press of a button, it is vital that all information is treated sensitively and securely. Councillors are expected to maintain an awareness of the confidentiality of information that they have access to and not to share confidential information with anyone. Failure to properly observe confidentiality may be seen as a breach of the council's Code of Conduct and will be dealt with through its prescribed procedures (at the extreme it may also involve a criminal investigation).

Members should also be careful only to co essential recipients on emails, i.e. to avoid use of the 'Reply to All' option if at all possible but of course copying in all who need to know and ensuring that email trails have been removed.

SWINFEN AND PACKINGTON PARISH COUNCIL COUNCILLOR PRIVACY NOTICE

Council Name:

Swinfen and Packington Parish Council

Council Address:

c/o6Highfield Close, Burntwood, WS7 9AR

Email Address:

jayneminor@talktalk.net

Councillor Privacy Notice

When you sign your acceptance of office and take your seat on Swinfen and Packington Parish Council

The information you provide (personal information such as name, address, email address, phone number, register of interests and other relevant information) will be processed and stored so that it is possible to contact you, respond to your correspondence and retain information relating to your time in office with the Council. (The Council will provide you with a dedicated email address for conducting Council business). Your personal information will not be shared with any third party other than those related to a statutory or lawful requirement or with your consent.

When you contact us

The information you provide (personal information such as name, address, email address, phone number, organisation) will be processed and stored to enable us to contact you and respond to your correspondence, provide information and/or access our facilities and services. Your personal information will be not shared or provided to any other third party.

The Councils Right to Process Information

General Data Protection Regulations Article 6 (1) (a) (b) and (e)

Processing is with consent of the data subject, or

Processing is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation, or

Processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller

Information Security

Swinfen and Packington Parish Council has a duty to ensure the security of personal data. We make sure that your information is protected from unauthorised access, loss, manipulation, falsification, destruction or unauthorised disclosure. This is done through appropriate technical measures and appropriate policies. Copies of these policies can be requested.

We will only keep your data for the purpose it was collected for and only for as long as is necessary. After which it will be deleted. (You many request the deletion of your data held by Swinfen and Packington Parish Council at anytime).

Access to Information

You have the right to request access to the information we have on you. You can do this by contacting the Parish Clerk.

SWINFEN AND PACKINGTON PARISH COUNCIL COUNCILLOR PRIVACY NOTICE

Information Correction

If you believe that the information we have about you is incorrect, you may contact us so that we can update it and keep your data accurate. Please contact: The Parish Clerk to request this.

Information Deletion

If you wish Swinfen and Packington Parish Council to delete the information about you, please contact: the Parish Clerk to request this.

Right to Object

If you believe that your data is not being processed for the purpose it has been collected for, you may object: Please contact the Parish Clerk to object.

Rights Related to Automated Decision Making and Profiling

Swinfen and Packington Parish Council does not use any form of automated decision making or the profiling of individual personal data.

Complaints

If you have a complaint regarding the way your personal data has been processed you may make a complaint to Swinfen and Packington Parish Council's Data Information Officer: (the Parish Clerk Email: jayneminor@talktalk.net) and the Information Commissioners Office casework@ico.org.uk Tel: 0303 123 1113

Summary

In accordance with the law, Swinfen and Packington Parish Council only collect a limited amount of information about you that is necessary for correspondence, information and service provision. Swinfen and Packington Parish Council do not use profiling, we do not sell or pass your data to third parties. Swinfen and Packington I Parish Council do not use your data for purposes other than those specified. Swinfen and Packington Parish Council make sure your data is stored securely. Swinfen and Packington Parish Council delete all information deemed to be no longer necessary. Swinfen and Packington Parish Council constantly review our Privacy Policies to keep it up to date in protecting your data. (You can request a copy of our policies at any time).

Information & Data Protection Policy

Introduction

In order to conduct its business, services and duties, Swinfen and Packington Parish Council processes a wide range of data, relating to its own operations and some which it handles on behalf of partners. In broad terms, this data can be classified as:

- Data shared in the public arena about the services it offers, its mode of operations and other information it is required to make available to the public.
- Confidential information and data not yet in the public arena such as ideas or policies that are being worked up.
- Confidential information about other organisations because of commercial sensitivity.
- Personal data concerning its current, past and potential employees, Councillors, and volunteers.
- Personal data concerning individuals who contact it for information, to access its services or facilities or to make a complaint.

Swinfen and Packington Parish Council will adopt procedures and manage responsibly, all data which it handles and will respect the confidentiality of both its own data and that belonging to partner organisations it works with and members of the public. In some cases, it will have contractual obligations towards confidential data, but in addition will have specific legal responsibilities for personal and sensitive information under data protection legislation.

The Parish Council will periodically review and revise this policy in the light of experience, comments from data subjects and guidance from the Information Commissioners Office.

The Council will be as transparent as possible about its operations and will work closely with public, community and voluntary organisations. Therefore, in the case of all information which is not personal or confidential, it will be prepared to make it available to partners and members of the Parish's communities. Details of information which is routinely available is contained in the Council's Publication Scheme which is based on the statutory model publication scheme for local councils.

Protecting Confidential or Sensitive Information

Swinfen and Packington Parish Council recognises it must at times, keep and process sensitive and personal information about both employees and the public, it has therefore adopted this policy not only to meet its legal obligations but to ensure high standards.

The General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) which become law on 25 May 2018 and will, like the Data Protection Act 1998 before them, seek to strike a balance between the rights of individuals and the sometimes, competing interests of those such as the Parish Council with legitimate reasons for using personal information.

The policy is based on the premise that Personal Data must be:

- Processed fairly, lawfully and in a transparent manner in relation to the data subject.
- Collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes and not further processed in a manner that is incompatible with those purposes.
- Adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which they
 are processed.
- Accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date.

- Kept in a form that permits identification of data subjects for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which the personal data are processed.
- Processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of the personal data including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage, using appropriate technical or organisational measures.

Data Protection Terminology

Data subject - means the person whose personal data is being processed.

That may be an employee, prospective employee, associate or prospective associate of BTC or someone transacting with it in some way, or an employee, Member or volunteer with one of our clients, or persons transacting or contracting with one of our clients when we process data for them.

Personal data-means any information relating to a natural person or data subject that can be used directly or indirectly to identify the person.

It can be anything from a name, a photo, and an address, date of birth, an email address, bank details, and posts on social networking sites or a computer IP address.

Sensitive personal data-includes information about racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, and religious or other beliefs, trade union membership, medical information, sexual orientation, genetic and biometric data or information related to offences or alleged offences where it is used to uniquely identify an individual.

Data controller - means a person who (either alone or jointly or in common with other persons) (e.g. Parish Council, employer, council) determines the purposes for which and the manner in which any personal data is to be processed.

Data processor - in relation to personal data, means any person (other than an employee of the data controller) who processes the data on behalf of the data controller.

Processing information or data - means obtaining, recording or holding the information or data or carrying out any operation or set of operations on the information or data, including:

- organising, adapting or altering it
- retrieving, consulting or using the information or data
- disclosing the information or data by transmission, dissemination or otherwise making it available
- aligning, combining, blocking, erasing or destroying the information or data, regardless of the
- Technology used.

Swinfen and Packington Parish Council processes personal data in order to:

- fulfil its duties as an employer by complying with the terms of contracts of employment, safeguarding the employee and maintaining information required by law.
- pursue the legitimate interests of its business and its duties as a public body, by fulfilling contractual terms with other organisations, and maintaining information required by law.
- monitor its activities including the equality and diversity of its activities
- fulfil its duties in operating the business premises including security
- assist regulatory and law enforcement agencies

SWINFEN AND PACKINGTON PARISH COUNCIL INFORMATION & DATA PROTECTION POLICY

- process information including the recording and updating details about its Councillors, employees, partners andvolunteers.
- process information including the recording and updating details about individuals who contact
 it for information, or to access a service, or make a complaint.
- undertake surveys, censuses and questionnaires to fulfil the objectives and purposes of the Council.
- undertake research, audit and quality improvement work to fulfil its objects and purposes.
- carry out Counciladministration.

Where appropriate and governed by necessary safeguards we will carry out the above processing jointly with other appropriate bodies from time to time.

The Council will ensure that at least one of the following conditions is met for personal information to be considered fairly processed:

- The individual has consented to the processing
- Processing is necessary for the performance of a contract or agreement with the individual
- Processing is required under a legal obligation
- Processing is necessary to protect the vital interests of the individual
- Processing is necessary to carry out public functions
- Processing is necessary in order to pursue the legitimate interests of the data controller or third parties.

Particular attention is paid to the processing of any sensitive personal information and the Parish Council will ensure that at least one of the following conditions is met:

- Explicit consent of the individual
- Required by law to process the data for employment purposes
- A requirement in order to protect the vital interests of the individual or another person

Who is responsible for protecting a person's personal data?

The Parish Council as a corporate body has ultimate responsibility for ensuring compliance with the Data Protection legislation. The Council has delegated this responsibility day to day to the Parish Clerk.

- Email: jayneminor@talktalk.net
- Correspondence: The Parish Clerk, c/o 6HighfieldClose, Burntwood WS7 9AR

Diversity Monitoring

Swinfen and Packington Parish Council monitors the diversity of its employees, and Councillors, in order to ensure that there is no inappropriate or unlawful discrimination in the way it conducts its activities. It undertakes similar data handling in respect of prospective employees. This data will always be treated as confidential. It will only be accessed by authorised individuals within the Council and will not be disclosed to any other bodies or individuals. Diversity information will never be used as selection criteria and will not be made available to others involved in the recruitment process. Anonymised data derived from diversity monitoring will be used for monitoring purposes and may be published and passed to other bodies.

The Council will always give guidance on personnel data to employees, councillors, partners and Page 3 of 7

volunteers through a Privacy Notice and ensure that individuals on whom personal information is kept are aware of their rights and have easy access to that information on request.

Appropriate technical and organisational measures will be taken against Unauthorised or unlawful processing of personal data and against accidental loss or destruction of, or damage to, personal data.

Personal data shall not be transferred to a country or territory outside the European Economic Areas unless that country or territory ensures an adequate level of protection for the rights and freedoms of data subjects in relation to the processing of personal data.

Information provided to us

The information provided (personal information such as name, address, email address, phone number) will be processed and stored so that it is possible for us to contact, respond to or conduct the transaction requested by the individual. By transacting with Swinfen and Packington Parish Council, individuals are deemed to be giving consent for their personal data provided to be used and transferred in accordance with this policy, however where ever possible specific written consent will be sought. It is the responsibility of those individuals to ensure that the Parish Council is able to keep their personal data accurate and up-to-date. The personal information will be not shared or provided to any other third party or be used for any purpose other than that for which it was provided.

The Councils Right to Process Information

General Data Protection Regulations (and Data Protection Act) Article 6 (1) (a) (b) and (e) Processing is with consent of the data subject, or Processing is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation. Processing is necessary for the legitimate interests of the Council.

Information Security

The Parish Council cares to ensure the security of personal data. We make sure that your information is protected from unauthorised access, loss, manipulation, falsification, destruction or unauthorised disclosure. This is done through appropriate technical measures and appropriate policies.

We will only keep your data for the purpose it was collected for and only for as long as is necessary, after which it will be deleted.

Children

We will not process any data relating to a child (under 13) without the express parental/ guardian consent of the child concerned.

Rights of a Data Subject

Access to Information: an individual has the right to request access to the information we have on them. They can do this by contacting the Parish Clerk.

Information Correction: If they believe that the information we have about them is incorrect, they may contact us so that we can update it and keep their data accurate. Please contact: Parish Clerk.

Information Deletion: If the individual wishes the Parish Council to delete the information about them, they can do so by contacting the Parish Clerk.

Right to Object: If an individual believes their data is not being processed for the purpose it has been collected for, they may object by contacting the Parish Clerk.

The Parish Council does not use automated decision making or profiling of individual personal data.

Complaints: If an individual has a complaint regarding the way their personal data has been processed, they may make a complaint to the Parish Clerk or the Information Commissioners Office casework@ico.org.uk Tel: 0303 123 1113.

The Council will always give guidance on personnel data to employees through the Employee handbook.

The Council will ensure that individuals on whom personal information is kept are aware of their rights and have easy access to that information on request.

Making Information Available

The Publication Scheme is a means by which the Council can make a significant amount of information available routinely, without waiting for someone to specifically request it. The scheme is intended to encourage local people to take an interest in the work of the Council and its role within the community.

In accordance with the provisions of the Freedom of Information Act 2000, this Scheme specifies the classes of information which the Council publishes or intends to publish. It is supplemented with an Information Guide which will give greater detail of what the Council will make available and hopefully make it easier for people to access it.

All formal meetings of Council and its committees are subject to statutory notice being given on notice boards, the Website and sent to the local media. The Council publishes an annual programme in May each year. All formal meetings are open to the public and press and reports to those meetings and relevant background papers are available for the public to see. The Council welcomes public participation and has a public participation session on each Council and committee meeting. Details can be seen in the Council's Standing Orders, which are available on its Website or at its Offices.

Occasionally, Council or committees may need to consider matters in private. Examples of this are matters involving personal details of staff, or a particular member of the public, or where details of commercial/contractual sensitivity are to be discussed. This will only happen after a formal resolution has been passed to exclude the press and public and reasons for the decision are stated. Minutes from all formal meetings, including the confidential parts are public documents.

The Openness of Local Government Bodies Regulations 2014 requires written records to be made of certain decisions taken by officers under delegated powers. These are not routine operational and administrative decisions such as giving instructions to the workforce or paying an invoice approved by Council, but would include urgent action taken after consultation with the Chairman, such as responding to a planning application in advance of Council. In other words, decisions which would have been made by Council or committee had the delegation not been in place.

The 2014 Regulations also amend the Public Bodies (Admission to Meetings) Act 1960 to allow the public or press to film, photograph or make an audio recording of council and committee meetings normally open to the public. The Council will where possible facilitate such recording unless it is being disruptive. It will also take steps to ensure that children, the vulnerable and members of the public who object to being filmed are protected without undermining the broader purpose of the meeting.

The Council will be pleased to make special arrangements on request for persons who do not have English as their first language or those with hearing or sight difficulties.

Disclosure Information

The Council will as necessary undertake checks on both staff and Members with the Disclosure and Barring Service and will comply with their Code of Conduct relating to the secure storage, handling, use, retention and disposal of Disclosures and Disclosure Information. It will include an appropriate operating procedure in its integrated quality management system.

Data Transparency

The Council has resolved to act in accordance with the Code of Recommended Practice for Local Authorities on Data Transparency (September 2011). This sets out the key principles for local authorities in creating greater transparency through the publication of public data and is intended to help them meet obligations of the legislative framework concerning information.

"Public data" means the objective, factual data on which policy decisions are based and on which public services are assessed, or which is collected or generated in the course of public service delivery.

The Code will therefore underpin the Council's decisions on the release of public data and ensure it is proactive in pursuing higher standards and responding to best practice as it develops.

The principles of the Code are:

Demand led: new technologies and publication of data should support transparency and accountability

Open: the provision of public data will be integral to the Council's engagement with residents so that it drives accountability to them.

Timely: data will be published as soon as possible following production.

Government has also issued a further Code of Recommended Practice on Transparency, compliance of which is compulsory for parish councils with turnover (gross income or gross expenditure) not exceeding £25,000 per annum. These councils will be exempt from the requirement to have an

SWINFEN AND PACKINGTON PARISH COUNCIL INFORMATION & DATA PROTECTION POLICY

external audit from April 2017. Swinfen and Packington Parish Council exceeds this turnover but will never the less ensure the following information is published on its Website for ease of access:

- All transactions above £100
- End of yearaccounts
- Annual Governance Statements
- Internal Audit Reports
- List of Councillor or Member responsibilities
- Details of public land and building assets
- Draft minutes of Council and committees within one month
- Agendas and associated papers no later than three clear days before the meeting

Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA)

As part of the PIA process organisations should describe how information is collected, stored, used and deleted.

Project Name	
What is the Project's Outcome?	
Information to be obtained	
What is the information to be used for?	
Who will obtain it?	
Who will have access to the information?	
Any other Information?	
Identify Possible Privacy Risks,	
Risks to individuals, Corporate Risks,	
Compliance Risks, Associated	
Organisation/Corporate Risk	

SWINFEN AND PACKINGTON PARISH COUNCIL PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT (PIA)

Identify how to mitigate these Risks	
Risk, Solution, Result and Evaluation	
Evaluate costs involved	
Resources required for the project	
Review Process	
Who will action the review?	
When will it be reviewed?	
Action to be take	
Date for completion	
Responsibility for action	
Lessons learnt	

What to think about when preparing the Privacy Impact Assessment

This form is to be used in conjunction with *Conducting Privacy Impact Assessments Code of Practice* published by the ICO. It can be integrated with consultation or planning processes.

Effective consultation internally within the Council is an important part of any Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA). Data protection risks are more likely to remain unmitigated on projects which have not involved discussions with the people building a system or carrying out procedures.

$Screening \, questions \, to \, help \, you \, decide \, whether \, a \, Privacy \, lmp \, act \, Assessment \, is \, required \, and \, required \, act \, acts \, a$

- Will the project involve the collection of new information about individuals?
- Will the project compel individuals to provide information about themselves?
- Will information about individuals be disclosed to Organisations or people who have not previously had routine access to the information?
- Are you using information about individuals for a purpose it is not currently used for, or in a way
 it is not currently used?
- Does the project involve you using new technology which might be perceived as being privacy intrusive? For example, the use of biometrics or facial recognition.
- Will the project result in you making decisions or taking action against individuals in ways which can have a significant impact on them?
- Is the information about individuals of a kind particularly likely to raise privacy concerns or expectations? For example, health records, criminal records or other information that people would consider to be particularly private.
- Will the project require you to contact individuals in ways which they may find intrusive?

When preparing your Privacy Impact Assessment you need to identify the possible Stakeholders (see below)

- Project management team
 The team responsible for the overall implementation of a project will play a central role in the PIA process.
- Data protection officer
 If an organisation has a dedicated DPO, they are likely to have a close link to a PIA. Even if
 project managers are responsible for individual PIAs, the DPO will be able to provide specialist
 knowledge on privacy issues,
- Engineers, developers and designers
 The people who will be building a product need to have a clear understanding of how to
 approach privacy issues. They will also be able to suggest workable privacy solutions to the risks
 which have been identified.
- Information technology (IT)
 Will be able to advise on security risks and solutions. The role of IT is limited to security and might also include discussions on the usability of any software.
- Procurement
 If the project will require systems or services to be procured, the needs of the project need to be established before procurement takes place.

Potential suppliers and data processors
 If some of the project will be outsourced to a third party, early engagement will help to understand which options are available.

Communications

A PIA can become a useful part of a project's communication strategy. For example, involving communications colleagues in the PIA can help to establish a clear message to the public about a project.

Customer-facing roles

It is important to consult with the people who will have to use a new system or put a policy into practice. They will be able to advise on whether the system will work as intended.

Corporate governance/compliance

Colleagues who work on risk management for an organisation should be able to integrate PIAs into their work. Other areas of compliance can be included in the PIA process.

Researchers, analysts, and statisticians

Information gathered by a new project may be used to analysing customer behaviour or for other statistical purposes. Where relevant, consulting with researchers can lead to more effective safeguards such as anonymisation.

Senior management

It will be important to involve those with responsibility for signing off or approving a project.

External Consultation

External consultation means seeking the views of the people who will be affected by the project. This may be members of the public but can also mean people within an organisation (for example staff who will be affected by a new online HR system). Consultation with the people who will be affected is an important part of the PIA process. There are two main aims. Firstly, it enables an organisation to understand the concerns of those individuals. The consultation will also improve transparency by making people aware of how information about them is being used.

A thorough assessment of privacy risks is only possible if an organisation fully understands how information is being used in a project. An incomplete understanding of how information is used can be a significant privacy risk – for example; data might be used for unfair purposes or disclosed inappropriately.

You must have regard when linking to the Privacy Impact Assessment to the 8 Data Protection principals below:

Principle 1

Personal data shall be processed fairly and lawfully and, in particular, shall not be processed unless:

- a) at least one of the conditions in Schedule 2 is met, and
- b) in the case of sensitive personal data, at least one of the conditions in Schedule 3 is also met.

- Have you identified the purpose of the project?
- How will individuals be told about the use of their personal data?
- Do you need to amend your privacy notices?
- Have you established which conditions for processing apply?
- If you are relying on consent to process personal data, how will this be collected and what will you do if it is withheld or withdrawn?
- If your organisation is subject to the Human Rights Act, you also need to consider:
- Will your actions interfere with the right to privacy under Article 8?
- Have you identified the social need and aims of the project?
- Are your actions a proportionate response to the social need?

Principle 2

Personal data shall be obtained only for one or more specified and lawful purposes, and shall not be further processed in any manner incompatible with that purpose or those purposes

- Does your project plan cover all of the purposes for processing personal data?
- Have potential new purposes been identified as the scope of the project expands?

Principle 3

Personal data shall be adequate, relevant and not excessive in relation to the purpose or purposes for which they are processed

- Is the information you are using of good enough quality for the purposes it is used for?
- Which personal data could you not use, without compromising the needs of the project?

Principle 4

Personal data shall be accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date

- If you are procuring new software does it allow you to amend data when necessary?
- How are you ensuring that personal data obtained from individuals or other organisations is accurate?

Principle 5

Personal data processed for any purpose or purposes shall not be kept for longer than necessary for that purpose or those purposes

- What retention periods are suitable for the personal data you will be processing?
- Are you procuring software which will allow you to delete information in line with your retention periods?

Principle 6

Personal data shall be processed in accordance with the rights of data subjects under this Actual contains the containing of the contain

- Will the systems you are putting in place allow you to respond to subject access requests more easily?
- If the project involves marketing, have you got a procedure for individuals to opt out of their information being used for that purpose?

Principle 7

Appropriate technical and organisational measures shall be taken against unauthorised or unlawful processing of personal data and against accidental loss or destruction of, or damage to, personal data

- Do any new systems provide protection against the security risks you have identified?
- What training and instructions are necessary to ensure that staff know how to operate a new system securely?

Principle 8

Personal data shall not be transferred to a country or territory outside the European Economic Area unless that country of territory ensures and adequate level of protection for the rights and freedoms of data subjects in relation to the processing of personal data

- Will the project require you to transfer data outside of the EEA?
- If you will be making transfers, how will you ensure that the data is adequately protected?

Subject Access Request Form

Process to Action	HILL	
Name of requester		
(Method of communication)		
Email Address		
Phone number		
Postal Address		
Date Subject Access Request made		
Is the request made under the Data Protection Legislation	Yes	No
Date Subject Access Request action to be completed by (One month after receipt time limit)		
Extension to the date of reply requested		
(An extension of another two months is permissible provided it is communicated	Yes	No
to the subject within the one month period)	100	
Extension date advised to the Subject Requester and method of contact		
Identification must be proven from the following list:		
Current UK/EEA Passport UK Photo card Driving Licence (Full or Provisional) EEA National Identity Card Full UK Paper Driving Licence State Benefits Entitlement Document State Pension Entitlement Document HMRC Tax Credit Document Local Authority Benefit Document State/Local Authority Educational Grant Document HMRC Tax Notification Document Disabled Driver's Pass Financial Statement issued by bank, building society or credit card company Utility bill for supply of gas, electric, water or telephone landline A recent Mortgage Statement A recent council Tax Bill/Demand or Statement Tenancy Agreement Building Society Passbook which shows a transaction in the last 3 months and their address	V	
Verification sought that the Subject Access request is substantiated	Yes	No
Verification received	Yes	No
/erification if the Council cannot provide the information requested	Yes	No
s the request excessive or unfounded?	Yes	No
Request to be actioned	Yes	No
Fee to be charged Subject Access requests must be undertaken free of charge to a requester unless the legislation permits a reasonable charge)	Yes	No

If the request is to be refused, action to be taken and by whom.	
Changes requested to data/ or removal	
Complaint Process	
(Where a requestor is not satisfied with a response to a SAR, the council must manage this as a complaint)	
Completion date of request	
Date complaint received by requested and details of the complaint	
Date complaint completed and outcome	

Categories of Data to Check

Data	Filing Cabinet	Laptop	Checked	Corrected/Deleted	Actioned by
HR					
Democracy					
Statutory Function					
legal					
Business					
Legal requirement					
General Data					
Consultation Data					

Council Name: Swinfen and Packington Parish Council Council Address: c/o6 Highfield Close, Burntwood, WS7 9AR

Email Address: jayneminor@talktalk.net

The Management of Transferable Data Policy

Contents

1	Purpose	_
2	Principals	2
3	Advice and Assistance	3
4	Responsibilities	3
5	Incident Management	3
6	Data Administration	3
7	Security	4
8	Use of removable media	4
9	Faulty or Unneeded Storage Devices	5
10	Breach procedures	5
11	Review And Revision	5
12	Employees Guide in Brief	5

Purpose

- This policy supports the controlled storage and transfer of information by Councillors and all employees, temporary staff and agents (contractors, consultants and others working on behalf of the council) who have access to and use of computing equipment that is owned or leased by Swinfen and Packington Parish Council.
- 1.2 Information is used throughout the council and is sometimes shared with external organisations and applicants. The use of removable media may result in the loss of the ability to access information, or interference with the integrity of information, which could have a significant effect on the efficient operation of the council and may result in financial loss and an inability to provide services to the public.
- 1.3 It is therefore essential for the continued operation of the council that the availability, integrity and confidentiality of all storage devices are maintained at a level which is appropriate to the council's needs.
- 1.4 The aims of the policy are to ensure that the use of removable storage devices is accomplished with due regard to:
- 1.4.1 Enabling the correct data to be made available where it is required
- 1.4.2 Maintaining the integrity of the data
- 1.4.3 Preventing unintended consequences to the stability of the computer network
- 1.4.4 Building confidence and trust in data that is being shared between systems
- 1.4.5 Maintaining high standards of care towards data and information about individual parishioners, staff or information that is exempt from disclosure
- 1.4.6 Compliance with legislation, policies or good practice requirements

2 Principals

- 2.1 This policy sets out the principles that will be adopted by the council in order for material to be safely stored on removable media so that the risk of loss or corruption to work data is low.
- 2.2 Removable media includes but is not limited to:
 - USB memory sticks, memory cards, portable memory devices, CD/DVDs, diskettes and any other device that transfers data between systems or stores electronic data separately from email or other applications.
- 2.4 Any person who intends to store council data on removable media must abide by this Policy. This requirement devolves to Councillors, employees and agents of the

- council, who may be held personally liable for any breach of the requirements of this policy.
- 2.5 Failure to comply with this policy could result in disciplinary action.

3 Advice and Assistance

- 3.1 The Clerk will ensure that everyone that is authorised to access the council's information systems is aware of their obligations arising from this policy.
- 3.2 A competent person should be consulted over any hardware or systemissues. Advice and guidance on using software packages should be also sort from a competent person.

4 Responsibilities

- 4.1 Clerks are responsible for enforcing this policy and for having arrangements in place to identify the location of all data used in connection with council business.
- 4.2 Users of removable media must have adequate Records Management/Information Security training so that relevant policies are implemented.

5 Incident Management

- 5.1 It is the duty of all employees and agents of the council to not allow storage media to be compromised in any way whist in their care or under their control. There must be immediate reporting of any misuse or irresponsible actions that affect work data or information, any loss of material, or actual, or suspected breaches in information security to the Clerk.
- 5.2 It is the duty of all Councillors/Employees to report any actual or suspected breaches in information security to the Clerk.

6 Data Administration

- 6.1 Removable media should not be the only place where data created or obtained for work purposes is held, as data that is only held in one place and in one format is at much higher risk of being unavailable through loss, destruction or malfunction of equipment, than data which is routinely backed up.
- 6.2 Where removable media is used to transfer material between systems then copies of the data should also remain on the source system or computer, until the data is successfully transferred to another computer or system.
- 6.3 Where there is a business requirement to distribute information to third parties, then removable media must only be used when the file cannot be sent or is too large to be sent by email or other secure electronic means.

- 6.4 Transferring material to removable media is a snapshot of the data at the time it was saved to the media. Adequate labelling must be undertaken so as to easily identify the version of the data, as well as its content.
- 6.5 Files must be deleted from removable media, or the removable media destroyed, when the operational use of the material has been completed. The council's retention and disposition schedule must be implemented by Councillors, employees, contractors and agents for all removable media.

7 Security

- 7.1 All storage media must be kept in an appropriately secure and safe environment that avoids physical risk, loss or electrical corruption of the business asset. Due to their smallsize there is a high risk of the removable media being mislaid lost or damaged, therefore special care is required to physically protect the device and the data. Anyone using removable media to transfer data must consider the most appropriate way to transport the device and be able to demonstrate that they took reasonable care to avoid damage or loss.
- 7.2 Virus Infections must be prevented from damaging the council's network and computers. Virus and malware checking software approved by the council, must be operational on both the machine from which the data is taken and the machine on to which the data is to be loaded. The data must be scanned by the virus checking software, before the media is loaded on to the receiving machine.
- 7.3 Any memory stick used in connection with council equipment or to store council material should usually be council owned. However, work related data from external sources can be transferred to the council network using memory sticks that are from trusted sources and have been checked using current anti-virus software.
- 7.4 The council will not provide support or administrator access for any non-council memory stick.

8 Use of removable media

- 8.1 Care must be taken over what data or information is transferred onto removable media. Only the data that is authorised and necessary to be transferred should be saved on to the device.
- 8.3 Council material belongs to the council and any equipment on which it is held should be under the control of the council and not available to be used for other purposes that may compromise the data.
- 8.4 All data transferred to removable media should be in accordance with an agreed process established by the council so that material can be traced.
- 8.5 The person arranging the transfer of data must be authorised to make use of, or process that particular data.

- 8.6 Whilst in transitor storage the data must be given appropriate security according to the type of data and its sensitivity.
- 8.7 Encryption must be applied to the data file unless there is no risk to the council, other organisations or individuals from the data being lost whilst in transit or storage. If encryption is not available, password control must be applied if removable media must be used for the business purpose.

9 Faulty or Unneeded Storage Devices

- 9.1 Damaged or faulty media must not be used. The Clerk must be consulted over any damaged equipment, peripherals or media.
- 9.2 All unneeded or faulty storage devices must be dealt with securely to remove the data before reallocating or disposing of the device.

10 Breach procedures

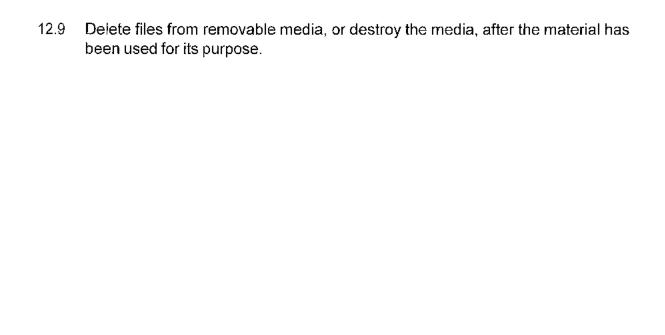
- 10.1 Users who do not adhere to this policy will be dealt with through the council's disciplinary process.
- 10.2 Where external service providers, agents or contractors breach the policy, this should be addressed through contract arrangements.

11 Review and Revision

11.1 This policy will be reviewed annually by the council and revised according to developments in legislation, guidance, accepted good practice and operational use.

12 Employees Guide in Brief

- 12.1 Data and information are valuable and must be protected.
- 12.2 Only transfer data onto removable media, if you have the authority to do so.
- 12.4 All transfer arrangements carry a risk to the data.
- 12.5 Run the virus checking programme on the removable media each time it is connected to a computer.
- 12.6 Only use approved products for council data.
- 12.7 Activate encryption on removable media wherever it is available and password protection if not available
- 12.8 Data should be available for automatic back up and not solely saved to removable media.





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Swinfen and Packington Parish Council

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2071

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